**Gaura lindheimeri**

‘Siskiyou Pink’

North American Native Cultivar

**Gaura** (gaw-ra)  
From the Greek *gauros*, superb, referring to the flowers.

**lindheimeri**  
(lind-hay-mer-eye)  
after Ferdinand Jacob Lindheimer (1801-1879), a German Botanist.

**Zones:** 5 – 9  
**Flower Color:** Pink and white  
**Height:** 30”  
**Spacing:** 18”

Clusters of nodding small flowers are pink with white tints here and there on arching stems of ‘Siskiyou Pink’. Dark green basal foliage is mottled with maroon. Suitable to our long, hot summers, this Pink Gaura is gorgeous in the border all summer in a natural, informal sort of way.

**About the Species:**

**Common Name:** Lindheimer’s beeblussom  
**Family:** Onagraceae  
Wiry and somewhat floppy stems growing 2-5’ produce delicate white flowers in mid to late summer, turning pink with age. The dark green foliage, mostly at the base, turns to a reddish-purple in fall.

**Habitat:** Native to prairies, pinelands and pond edges in Texas and Louisiana.

**In the Garden** The wild and floppy growth habit makes Gaura best suited for the wild flower or native plant garden. Plant in full sun to part shade in well drained sandy, loamy soil. Try *Gaura* with low-mounding perennials like the Verbenas, Geraniums, or Sedums. They are also beautiful in late summer with ornamental grasses.
Gaura lindheimeri
‘So White’
North American Native Cultivar

_Gaura_ (gaw-ra) From the Greek _gauros_, superb, referring to the flowers.

_lindheimeri_ (lind-hay-mer-eye) after Ferdinand Jacob Lindheimer (1801-1879), a German Botanist.

**Zones:** 5 – 9  
**Flower Color:** White  
**Height:** 12 – 18”  
**Spacing:** 18”

Bright white flowers appear in wand-like panicles above the solid green foliage through the summer. Among the most prolific and longest flowering perennials, it will tolerate heat and humidity. Good drainage is essential.

**About the Species:**

**Common Name:** Lindheimer’s bee blossoms, White Gaura  
**Family:** Onagraceae  
Wiry and somewhat floppy stems growing 2-5’ produce delicate white flowers in mid to late summer, turning pink with age. The dark green foliage, mostly at the base, turns to a reddish-purple in fall.

**Habitat:** Native to prairies, pinelands and pond edges in Texas and Louisiana.

**In the Garden:** The wild and floppy growth habit makes Gaura best suited for the wild flower or native plant garden. Plant in full sun to part shade in well drained sandy, loamy soil. Try _Gaura_ with low-mounding perennials like the _Verbenas_, _Geraniums_, or _Sedums_. They are also beautiful in late summer with ornamental grasses.